

NATRAJ INSTITUTE OF TNPSC
A Specialized Institute with Shortcut Ideas

1. Who was the head of Lucknow and Faizpur sessions of congress at 1936 and 1937?
(A) Motilal Nehru (B) Jawaharlal Nehru
(C) Gandhi (D) Rajaji

2. Or which day was deliverance day celebrated by Muslim League?
(A) 12 December 1939 (B) 15 November 1939
(C) 12 December 1935 05 (D) 12 November 1935

3. In which session, Muslim League passed resolution calling for the creation of separate nation for Muslims?
(A) Lahore, 1940 (B) Lucknow, 1940
(C) Lahore, 1935 (D) Lucknow, 1935

4. Date line of Cripps Mission was
(A) 23 March 1940 (B) 23 April 1942
(C) 23 March 1942 (D) 20 April 1942

5. How many seats were won by the congress in the year 1937 elections?
(A) 750 / 1161 (B) 716 / 1161
(C) 742 / 1161 (D) 716 / 1061

Direction for Assertion-Reason Questions: There are two statements labeled as Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Mark your answer as

- (A) If both A and R are Correct and R is the correct explanation of A.
 - (B) If both A and R are Correct but R is not correct explanation of A.
 - (C) If A is true but R is false.
 - (D) If A is false but R is true.
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6. **Assertion (A):** The Congress vehemently opposed and Congress ministers in the provinces resigned in December 1939.

Reason (R): The British Government without consulting the people of India involved the country in Second World War.

7. What were the provisions not present in the August Offer?
- (A) Complete independence
 - (B) Expansion of the Viceroy's Executive Council
 - (C) No future constitutional developments without the consent of minorities
 - (D) None of these
8. Consider the following:
- 1. Promise of dominion status to India
 - 2. The new constitution making body and the British government would negotiate a treaty to effect transfer of power
 - 3. Protect the interests of racial and religious minorities
- Of these statements, which was/were proposals of Cripps Mission?
- (A) 1 only
 - (B) 3 only
 - (C) 2 only
 - (D) All of these

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9. **Assertion (A):** The Cripps Mission failed.
Reason (R) : Stafford Cripps to India on 23 March, 1940.
Choose the correct option from scheme given below.

10. Match the following :
- | | |
|---------------------|---------|
| (A) Deliverance Day | 1. 1935 |
| (B) August Offer | 2. 1942 |

- (C) Cripps Mission 3. 1940
(D) Government of India Act 4. 1939

Choose the correct option.

	A	B	C	D
(A)	4	1	2	3
(B)	4	3	2	1
(C)	2	1	3	4
(D)	2	1	4	3

QUIT INDIA MOVEMENT

11. Who gave the slogan 'do or die'?
- (A) Gandhi (B) Nehru
(C) Patel (D) Rajaji
12. Who started an under ground radio in Bombay during Quit India Movement?
- (A) Annie Besant (B) lisha Sharma
(C) Naha Patil (D) Suchetha Kripalani
13. What was name of women's wing of INA?
- (A) Annie Besant (B) Rani Laxmibai
(C) Muthu Laxmi (D) None of these
14. What is the dateline of Wavell Plan?
- (a) 1942 (B) 1944 (C) 1945 (D) 1947
15. Who was the Prime Minister of England in 1945?
- (A) Lord Wavell (B) Clement Atee
(C) Linlitho (D) None of these
16. What was the date line of Quit India Revolution passed in the AICC?

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- (A) 8th August 1940 (B) 10th August 1939
(C) 8th August 1942 (D) None of these
17. Who among the following was not arrested during the Quit India Movement?
(A) Nehru (B) Ram Manohar Lohia
(C) S. M. Joshi (D) Jayaprakash Narain
18. Which of the following was not a part of the CR formula?
(A) League to endorse congress demand for independence
(B) Complete independence
(C) League to cooperate with congress informing the provisional government at the center
(D) None of these
19. Who formed the INA?
(A) Gandhi (B) Nehru
(C) Kriplani (D) Mohan Singh
20. Which of the following is celebrated as INA day?
(A) 13 November (B) 24 November
(C) 2 November (D) 1 December

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21. **Assertion (A):** Quit India Movement
Reason (R): The fear of an impending Japanese invasion of India led Mahatma Gandhi to begin his campaign for British to Quit India.

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22. Consider the following statements:
1. Put an immediate end to British rule in India.
 2. Declare a commitment of free India to protect itself from fascism and imperialism.
 3. Launch a Civil Disobedience Movement against British in India. Of these statements, which was/were applicable in Quit India Resolution?
- (A) 1 and 3 (B) 1 and 2 (C) 2 and 3 (D) All the above
23. Consider the following:
1. On 2^d July 1943 Subash Chandra Bose reached Singapore and gave the rousing war cry of 'Chalo'.
 2. 2nd phase of the INA started with the coming of Subhash Chandra Bose.
- Of these statements which is/are incorrect? .
- (A) 1 only (B) Both 1 and 2
(C) 2 only (D) Neither 1 nor 2
24. Consider the following: 1. June 1945 Lord Wavell convened at Shimla to discuss reconstruction of the Governor General's Executive Council. Hindus and Muslims to have equal representation in the council. Of these statements, which is/are correct?
- (A) 1 only (B) 2 only
(C) Both 1 and 2 (D) Neither 1 nor 2

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25. **Assertion (A):** On 18th February 1946, Naval ratings of the HMIS Talwar openly revolted.
Reason (B): Strike protesting against the racial discrimination and demanding equal pay for Indian and British Soldiers.

CABINET MISSION

26. Who was the leader of interim government?
(A) Gandhi (B) Nehru
(C) Patel (D) Rajaji
27. What was the date line of 1' meet of league?
(A) 9th December 1946 (B) 31th December 1945
(C) 9th November 1946 (D) None of the above
28. Who replaced Wavell as the Viceroy of India?
(A) Mountbatten (B) Irwin
(C) Linlitho (D) Simon
29. What was date line of Mountbatten plan?
(A) 3rd June 1947 (B) 29th June 1947
(C) 2nd July 1947 (D) 3rd July 1947
30. Pakistan become Independent on
(A) 15th August 1947 (B) 14th August 1947
(C) 26th January 1950 (D) None of these
31. Which Prime Minister gave the announcement of Cabinet Mission?
(A) Lord Linlitho (B) Lord McDonald
(C) Lord Atlee (D) None of these
32. Who all were present in Cabinet Mission?

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- (A) Pathick Lawrence, A. V. Alexender, Morley
(B) Pathick Lawrence. A. V. Alexender, Sir Stafford Cripps
(C) Pathick Lawrence, Morley, Simon
(D) None of these
33. Independence of India Act was passed on
(A) 28 July 1947 (B) 18 July 1947
(C) 15 August 1947 (D) 26 January 1950
34. Who was the 1st Governor General of Pakistan?
(A) Muhamad Ali Jinnah (B) Rajaji
(C) Gandhi (D) None of these
35. Rajagopalachari was the first Governor General of free India until?
(A) 1948 (B) 1950 (C) 1947 (D) 1949
36. Consider the following statements:
1. Rejected demand for full fledged Pakistan
2. Interim government formed from the Constituent Assembly
3. Complete autonomy with residual powers to the provinces Of these statements, which is/are correct regarding Cabinet Mission proposals?
(A) 1 only (B) 2 and 3 (C) 1 and 3 (D) All the above
37. Consider the following:
1. The Muslim League withdrew its acceptance after Nehru's speech about the possibility of no grouping.
2. The League boycotted the Constituent Assembly and called for direction to achieve the goal of separate nation of Pakistan. Of these statements which is/are correct?
(A) 1 only (B) 2 only
(C) Both 1 and 2 (D) Neither I nor 2

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38. **Assertion (A):** Mount batten plan

Reason (R): To propose a freedom cum partition plan for India

39. Consider the following statements:

1. Referendum in NWFP and Sylbet district of Bengal
 2. Sindh to take its own decision
 3. Freedom on 15th August 1946
- Of these statements, which is/are correct regarding Mountbatten plan?

- (A) 1 and 3 (B) 2 and 3 (C) 3 only (D) 1 and 2

40. Consider the following statements:

1. Baluchistan and Sindh joined India
 2. Referendum in NWFP was in favour of India
- Of these statements which are incorrect?

- (A) 1 only (B) Both I and 2
(C) 2 only (D) Neither 1 nor 2

Answer Key

1. (B) 2. (A) 3. (A) 4. (C) 5. (B) 6. (A) 7. (A) 8. (D) 9. (C) 10. (B) 11. (A) 12. (B) 13. (B) 14. (C) 15. (B) 16. (C) 17. (A) 18. (B) 19. (D) 20. (C) 21. (A) 22. (D) 23. (D) 24. (C) 25. (A) 26. (B) 27. (A) 28. (A) 29. (A) 30. (B) 31. (C) 32. (B) 33. (B) 34. (A) 35. (B) 36. (D) 37. (C) 38. (A) 39. (D) 40. (B)