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Chapter 12 - International Financial Organizations

Level - I

6.

Bank?

1.	International monetary reserve currency created by IMF is called		
	(A) ADR	(B) SDR	
	(C) GDR	(D) None of the above	
2.	IMF lends to its member countries mainly		
	(A) To meet the balance of pay	ments needs	
	(B) To meet the developmental	targets	
	(C) To discharge its social obligi	gations	
	(D) To develop infrastructure		
3.	Which one of the international	financial oraanisations official goal is the	
	reduction of poverty?		
	(A) IMK	(B) MIGA	
	(C) World Bank	(D) 1FC	
	(6)		
4.	World Bank comprises of two	institutions which are	
	(A) IBRD & IDA	(B) 1BRD & IFC	
	(C) IMF & IDA	(D) ICSID & IMF	
	V/S/L		
5.	Which one of institutions has the	ne mission to promote FIN into developing	
	countries?		
	(A) IMF	(B) MIGA	
	(C) 1BRD	(D) ICSID	
Leve	el - II		

CHENNAI ~ SALEM ~ TIRUNELVELI ~ THANJAVUR 9791885670

Which of the following programmes in India got assistance from the World

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9.

	1. National Aids Control Programme		
	2. Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan		
	3. Indian Energy sector such as gas etc.		
	(A) 1 and 2 only	(B) 2 only	
	(C) I, 2 and 3 only	(D) 1 and 3 only	
7.	Which of the following statements about WTO negotiations is/are correct?		
	1. Decisions are by consensus		
	2. Nothing is agreed until everything is agreed or singly undertaking		
	(A) 1 only	(B) 2 only	
	(C) Both 1 and 2	(D) None of the above	
8.	India's priorities on WTO's negations on Agriculture include the following		
	three fundamental criteria		
	1. Food security		
	2. Livelihood security		
	3. Urban development needs		
	Which of the above criteria is/are incorrect?		
	(A) 1 and 2 only	(B) 3 only	
	(C) 1 and 3 only	(D) 1 only	
9.	Which of the following is not one of the three main pillars of the Agreement on		
	Agriculture?		
	(A) Market access	(B) Import substitution	
	(C) Domestic support	(D) Export competition	
10.	Consider the following statements about TRIPS.		
	1. It recognises IPRs are private rights.		
	2. It establishes minimum standards of protection that each government has to		
	give to the IPRs in each of the WTO members countries. Which of the above		
	statements is/are incorrect?		

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(A) Both 1 and 2	(B) 2 only
(C) 1 only	(D) None of the above

Level - III

- 11. Consider the following statements regarding Geographical Indications.
 - 1. Its name is attributable to the fact of its origin in that defined geographical locality region or country.
 - 2. It is a collective right, not individualistic. Which of the above statement's is/are correct?
 - (A) 1 only

(B) 2 only

(C) Both 1 and 2

- (D) None of the above
- 12. Consider the following statements
 - 1. Patent should satisfy, the conditions of novelty, innovativeness and usefulness.
 - 2. More discovery of new form of known substance is also patentable.
 - 3. Term of patent is life of the inventor.

Which of the following statements is/are correct?

(A) 1 only

- (B) 1 and 3 only
- (C) 1, 2 and 3 only
- (D) 1 and 2 only
- 13. Consider the following statements regarding Bali Package:
 - 1. This deal allows nations such as India to fix a MSP (Minimum Support Price) for farm produce and to sell staple grains to the poor at subsidised rates.
 - 2. It also permits countries to store food grains to meet the contingency requirements. Which of the above statements is/are incorrect?
 - (A) Both 1 and 2

(B) I only

(C) 2 only

- (D) None of the above
- 14. Consider the following statements

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- 1. India has the Sth largest quota in IMF.
- 2. All the loans taken from IMF have been rapid. Now India is one of the main contributors to IMF.
- 3. India remains the World Bank's single largest borrower. Which of the above statements is/are correct?
- (A) All the above

(B) 1 and 2 only

(C) 1 and 3 only

- (D) 2 and 3 only
- 15. Which of the following statements about NAMA are forming part of it?
 - 1. Formula approach for tariff reduction.
 - 2. Flexibilities for protecting sensitive NAMA products.
 - 3. Sectoral initiatives for elimination of customs tariff in specific sectors.
 - 4. Non-Tariff Barrier (NTB) proposals.
 - (A) 1, 2 and 3 only
- (B) I and 2 only

(C) All the above

(D) 1 and 4 only

Answer Key

- 1. (B) 2. (A)
- 3 (C)
- 4. (A)
- 5. (C)
- 6. (C)

- 7. (C)
- 8.(B)
- 9. (B)
- 10. (A)
- 11. (A)
- 12. (A)

- 13. (A)
- 14. (D)
- 5. (C)